

Safety Data Sheet

Copyright,2015,3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document Group:
 19-0738-5
 Version Number:
 3.00

 Issue Date:
 04/23/15
 Supercedes Date:
 11/02/12

Product identifier

3M(TM) Panel Bonding Adhesive, PN 08116 (Meets GM 6449G and Daimler Chrysler MS-CD 507)

ID Number(s):

41-0003-6679-3, 41-0003-8017-4, 41-3701-2169-5, 60-9801-0901-5

Recommended use

Automotive, A two-part structural adhesive used to bond steel or aluminum auto body panels.

Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Article Information Sheet (AIS), or Article Information Letter (AIL) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

19-0736-9, 34-3781-1

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M provides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information, 3M makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M

3M(TM) Panel Bonding	a Adhaciva	DN 08116	(Moote CM 6440C	and Daimler	Chrysler MS_CD 507)	04/23/15
.yvi(i vi) railei bolidili	y Admesiye	:. FIN UOLIU	UNICEIS CTIVE OFFICE	and Danner	C.III VSIEL VIS-C.IJ 50//	114/23/13

3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com



Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2015, 3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

34-3781-1 1.00 **Document Group: Version Number:** 02/06/15 **Initial Issue Issue Date: Supercedes Date:**

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Panel Bonding Adhesive 08116 (Base) Part B

Product Identification Numbers

LB-K100-1679-5

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive, Panel Bonding Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577) **Telephone:**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms

Page 1 of 13





Hazard Statements

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

5% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

5% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-	25068-38-6	30 - 60 Trade Secret *
EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER		
GLASS BEADS	65997-17-3	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
1,4-BIS[(2,3-	14228-73-0	7 - 13 Trade Secret *
EPOXYPROPOXY)METHYL]CYCLOHEXANE		
FUSED SILICA	60676-86-0	7 - 13 Trade Secret *
ACRYLATE POLYMER	Trade Secret*	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
GLASS	Trade Secret*	3 - 7 Trade Secret *
SILICA	7631-86-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL	2530-83-8	0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret *

ETHER		
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	<= 0.5 Trade Secret *
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	106-89-8	< 0.012 Trade Secret *

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially

available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	106-89-8	ACGIH	TWA:0.5 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin., Skin Notation
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	106-89-8	OSHA	TWA:19 mg/m3(5 ppm)	Skin Notation
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3	A3: Confirmed animal
			mg/m3	carcin.
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	CMRG	TWA:0.5 mg/m3	
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	OSHA	TWA:3.5 mg/m3	
3-	2530-83-8	CMRG	TWA:5 ppm	
(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPY				
L GLYCIDYL ETHER				
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	60676-86-0	OSHA	TWA concentration:0.8	
			mg/m3;TWA:20 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.	
GLASS BEADS	65997-17-3	Manufacturer	TWA(as dust):10 mg/m3	
		determined		
SILICA	7631-86-9	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):3	
			mg/m3	
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	7631-86-9	OSHA	TWA concentration:0.8	
			mg/m3;TWA:20 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:

Specific Physical Form:

Odor, Color, Grade:

Liquid

Viscous

Black

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting pointNot ApplicableBoiling Point> 300 °F

Flash PointFlash point > 93 °C (200 °F)Evaporation rate< 1 [Ref Std: BUOAC=1]

Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density

Not Applicable

No Data Available

No Data Available

< 5 mmHg [@ 20 °C]

No Data Available

Density 1.2 g/ml

Specific Gravity1.2 [Ref Std: WATER=1]Solubility In WaterNo Data AvailableSolubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data Available

Page 5 of 13

Decomposition temperature No Data Available Viscosity > 100,000 centipoise

Hazardous Air Pollutants 0.00000289 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method: Calculated] Volatile Organic Compounds 1.4 % weight [Test Method: calculated per CARB title 2] 17 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **Volatile Organic Compounds VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 17 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance Condition Aldehydes Not Specified Carbon monoxide Not Specified Carbon dioxide Not Specified Hydrogen Chloride Not Specified

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Additional Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	<u>Regulation</u>
Generic: GLASS FILAMENTS	65997-17-3	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	106-89-8	Grp. 2A: Probable human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	106-89-8	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
POLYMER			
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
POLYMER			
GLASS BEADS	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
GLASS BEADS	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
1,4-BIS[(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)METHYL]CYCLOHEXANE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,500 mg/kg
FUSED SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
1,4-BIS[(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)METHYL]CYCLOHEXANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,450 mg/kg
FUSED SILICA	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
FUSED SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
ACRYLATE POLYMER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
ACRYLATE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
SILICA	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,010 mg/kg
CARBON BLACK	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
CARBON BLACK	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 755 mg/kg
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 1.7 mg/l
	Vapor (4		-
	hours)		
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 260 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Rabbit	Mild irritant
GLASS BEADS	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
1,4-BIS[(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)METHYL]CYCLOHEXANE	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
FUSED SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
ACRYLATE POLYMER	Professio	Minimal irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Rabbit	Mild irritant
CARBON BLACK	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Human	Corrosive
	and	
	animal	

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
GLASS BEADS	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
1,4-BIS[(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)METHYL]CYCLOHEXANE	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
FUSED SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
ACRYLATE POLYMER	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Rabbit	Corrosive
CARBON BLACK	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
1,4-BIS[(2,3-EPOXYPROPOXY)METHYL]CYCLOHEXANE	similar	Sensitizing
	compoun	
	ds	
FUSED SILICA	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
SILICA	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Guinea	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	pig	sufficient for classification
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Human	Sensitizing
	and	_
	animal	

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	In vivo	Not mutagenic
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
GLASS BEADS	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
FUSED SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	In vivo	Not mutagenic
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
CARBON BLACK	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
CARBON BLACK	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	In vivo	Mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL-EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
GLASS BEADS	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
FUSED SILICA	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
SILICA	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
CARBON BLACK	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
CARBON BLACK	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
CARBON BLACK	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	Rat	Carcinogenic
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
FUSED SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
FUSED SILICA	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
FUSED SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s

SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	1 generation
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	1 generation
3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 0.2 mg/l	10 weeks
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.09 mg/l	during organogenesi s
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 160 mg/kg/day	during gestation
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 6.25 mg/kg/day	23 days
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 0.02 mg/l	10 weeks

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
1,4-BIS[(2,3- EPOXYPROPOXY)MET HYL]CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,4'- ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPH ENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
4,4'- ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPH ENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
4,4'- ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPH ENOL- EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver eyes kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
GLASS BEADS	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
FUSED SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational

Page 10 of 13

		silicosis			available	exposure
SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
3- (TRIMETHOXYSILYL)P ROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	Ingestion	heart endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system liver immune system nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
CARBON BLACK	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	liver	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.21 mg/l	19 days
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.04 mg/l	136 weeks
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.377 mg/l	4 weeks
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.211 mg/l	4 weeks
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.02 mg/l	98 days
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL .002 mg/l	98 days
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.02 mg/l	13 weeks
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Inhalation	blood	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.189 mg/l	90 days
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	heart blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 80 mg/kg/day	12 weeks
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. If no other disposal options are available, waste product that has been completely cured or polymerized may be placed in a landfill properly designed for industrial waste. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>Classification</u>
106-89-8	Male reproductive toxin
106-89-8	Carcinogen
1333-86-4	Carcinogen
	106-89-8

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Page 12 of 13

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:34-3781-1Version Number:1.00Issue Date:02/06/15Supercedes Date:Initial Issue

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M provides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information, 3M makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M

3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com

Page 13 of 13





Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2015, 3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

19-0736-9 **Document Group: Version Number:** 11.00 **Issue Date:** 10/28/15 **Supercedes Date:** 02/02/15

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Panel Bonding Adhesive - Part A, PN 08116 (Meets GM 6449G and Daimler Chrysler MS-COD 507)

Product Identification Numbers

LB-K100-0126-5

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive, Part A of a two-part structural adhesive used to bond steel or aluminum auto body panels.

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Acute Toxicity (inhalation): Category 3.

Acute Toxicity (oral): Category 4.

Acute Toxicity (dermal): Category 4.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Page 1 of 14

Danger

Symbols

Corrosion | Skull and crossbones | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |





Hazard Statements

Toxic if inhaled.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs: blood or blood-forming organs

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

10/28/15

Notes to Physician:

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO2 (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be consider as part of the medical management.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns. Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

33% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

34% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

26% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Aliphatic Polymer Diamine	68911-25-1	30 - 60 Trade Secret *
Fused Silica	60676-86-0	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Butadiene Acrylonitrile Polymer	68683-29-4	7 - 20 Trade Secret *
Alkyl Amines	68955-53-3	7 - 13 Trade Secret *
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	90-72-2	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Bis(3-Aminopropyl) Ether Of Diethylene Glycol	4246-51-9	1 - 7 Trade Secret *
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	9046-10-0	3.24 5.4 Trade Secret *
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	67762-90-7	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Calcium Nitrate	10124-37-5	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	140-31-8	0.1 - 1.5 Trade Secret *
Poly(Oxypropylene)Triamine	39423-51-3	0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret *
Bis[(Dimethylamino)Methyl]Phenol	71074-89-0	0.1 - 1.5 Trade Secret *
Toluene	108-88-3	< 0.5 Trade Secret *

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Page 3 of 14

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO2 (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be consider as part of the medical management.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Page 4 of 14

10/28/15

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Toluene	108-88-3	CMRG	STEL:75 ppm	Skin Notation
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA	TWA:200 ppm;CEIL:300 ppm	
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction	67762-90-7	CMRG	CEIL:5 mg/m3	
Product With Silica				
Alkyl Amines	68955-53-3	CMRG	TWA:1 ppm;STEL:2.5 ppm	Skin Notation
Tris(2,4,6-	90-72-2	CMRG	TWA:5 ppm	
Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phen				
ol				

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

Page 5 of 14

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Thermal hazards

Wear heat insulating gloves when handling hot material to prevent thermal burns.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Liquid **Specific Physical Form:** Viscous

Odor, Color, Grade: Amber color; Slight amine odor

Odor threshold No Data Available Not Applicable pН Not Applicable **Melting point Boiling Point** No Data Available

Flash Point >=230 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup] [Details: Closed Cup

SETAFLASH (Based on flammable ingredient at highest %)

(ASTM D-3278-96 e-1)]

Evaporation rate < 1 [Ref Std: BUOAC=1]

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable No Data Available Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) No Data Available **Vapor Pressure** No Data Available **Vapor Density** No Data Available

Density 1.1 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.1 [Test Method: Estimated] [Ref Std: WATER=1]

No Data Available **Solubility In Water** No Data Available Solubility- non-water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available No Data Available **Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature** No Data Available Viscosity > 100,000 centipoise

Hazardous Air Pollutants 0.013 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method: Calculated] 0.4 % weight [Test Method: calculated per CARB title 2] **Volatile Organic Compounds Volatile Organic Compounds** 4 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 4 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideNot SpecifiedCarbon dioxideNot SpecifiedOxides of NitrogenNot Specified

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Toxic if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Harmful in contact with skin. Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Methemoglobinemia: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, difficulty breathing, and generalized weakness.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Additional Information:

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE 1,000 - 2,000
			mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE 2 - 10 mg/l
	Vapor(4 hr)		
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Fused Silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Fused Silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Fused Silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Butadiene Acrylonitrile Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Butadiene Acrylonitrile Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,300 mg/kg
Alkyl Amines	Dermal	Rat	LD50 251 mg/kg
Alkyl Amines	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.94 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Alkyl Amines	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 320 mg/kg
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 1,280 mg/kg
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,000 mg/kg
Bis(3-Aminopropyl) Ether Of Diethylene Glycol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,500 mg/kg
Bis(3-Aminopropyl) Ether Of Diethylene Glycol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,160 mg/kg
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,090 mg/kg
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 475 mg/kg
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
•	Dust/Mist		, and the second
	(4 hours)		
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Calcium Nitrate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Nitrate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,285 mg/kg
Poly(Oxypropylene)Triamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 562 mg/kg
Poly(Oxypropylene)Triamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 220 mg/kg
Bis[(Dimethylamino)Methyl]Phenol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 865 mg/kg
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,470 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aliphatic Polymer Diamine	Rabbit	Irritant
Fused Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Alkyl Amines	Rabbit	Corrosive
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Bis(3-Aminopropyl) Ether Of Diethylene Glycol	Rabbit	Corrosive
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	Rabbit	Corrosive
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Bis[(Dimethylamino)Methyl]Phenol	similar	Corrosive
	compoun	
	ds	
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aliphatic Polymer Diamine	similar	Corrosive
	health	
	hazards	
Fused Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Alkyl Amines	Rabbit	Corrosive
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Bis(3-Aminopropyl) Ether Of Diethylene Glycol	similar	Corrosive
	health	
	hazards	
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	Rabbit	Corrosive
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Bis[(Dimethylamino)Methyl]Phenol	similar	Corrosive
	compoun	
	ds	
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Aliphatic Polymer Diamine	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
Fused Silica	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Butadiene Acrylonitrile Polymer	Guinea	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	pig	sufficient for classification
Alkyl Amines	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Guinea	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	pig	sufficient for classification
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
Toluene	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Fused Silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Alkyl Amines	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Alkyl Amines		Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	In vivo	Not mutagenic
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Fused Silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

	Specified		sufficient for classification
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Fused Silica	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Fused Silica	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Fused Silica	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Alkyl Amines	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 124 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Alkyl Amines	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 107 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Alkyl Amines	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Alkyl Amines	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 21 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 598 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 409 mg/kg/day	32 days
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 899 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure						
Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Alkyl Amines	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Rat	NOAEL 0.019 mg/l	4 weeks
Tris(2,4,6- Dimethylaminomonomethy	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for		NOAEL Not available	

1)Phenol			classification			
Bis(3-Aminopropyl) Ether Of Diethylene Glycol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Fused Silica	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Alkyl Amines	Dermal	endocrine system hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Alkyl Amines	Dermal	liver muscles nervous system kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Alkyl Amines	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.129 mg/l	4 weeks
Alkyl Amines	Inhalation	heart endocrine system liver muscles nervous system kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.129 mg/l	4 weeks
Tris(2,4,6- Dimethylaminomonomethy l)Phenol	Dermal	skin liver nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	28 days
Tris(2,4,6- Dimethylaminomonomethy l)Phenol	Dermal	auditory system hematopoietic system eyes	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dimethyl Siloxane, Reaction Product With Silica	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	Ingestion	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 598 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system nervous system eyes olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 1.1	4 weeks

			data are not sufficient for classification		mg/l	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system vascular system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name		Value		
	POLY(OXYPROPYLENE)DIAMINE	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for		
		classification		
	Toluene	Aspiration hazard		

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No	% by Wt
Calcium Nitrate (NITRATE COMPOUNDS	10124-37-5	1 - 5
(WATER DISSOCIABLE; REPORTABLE		
ONLY WHEN IN AQUEOUS SOLUTION))		

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	Classification
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AIRBORNE	None	Carcinogen
PARTICLES OF RESPIRABLE SIZE)		
Toluene	108-88-3	Female reproductive toxin
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental Toxin

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

Page 13 of 14

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: *3 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

Document Group: 19-0736-9 **Version Number:** 11.00 **Issue Date:** 10/28/15 **Supercedes Date:** 02/02/15

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M provides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information, 3M makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M

3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com